

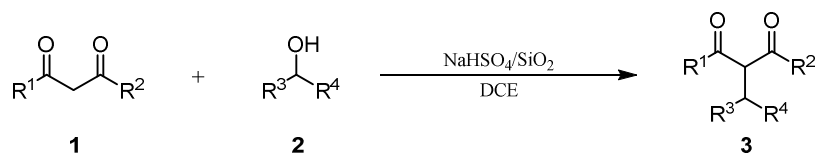
## Simple and efficient alkylation of 1,3-dicarbonyl compounds and synthesis of 4H-chromenes using NaHSO<sub>4</sub>/SiO<sub>2</sub>

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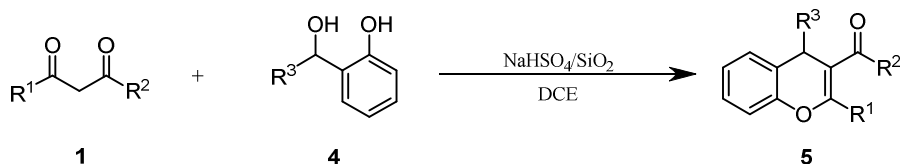
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We have developed a simple and efficient procedure for the C-C bond formation between alcohols and active methylene containing compounds using silica-gel supported sodium hydrogen sulfate (NaHSO<sub>4</sub>/SiO<sub>2</sub>) under mild conditions. This method was applied to the synthesis of chromenes. NaHSO<sub>4</sub>/SiO<sub>2</sub> can be reused for the alkylation without loss of catalytic activity at least 10 times.

Reaction of **1** with **2** was carried out in the presence of NaHSO<sub>4</sub>/SiO<sub>2</sub> at 80 °C in dichloroethane (DCE) to give corresponding **3** in moderate to excellent yields; eg. acetyl acetone **1a** (R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> = CH<sub>3</sub>) and benzhydrol **2a** (R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup> = Ph) were reacted for 30 min to give **3a** in 98 % yield.



When *o*-hydroxy benzhydrol **4** was used in place of **2a**, consecutive alkylation and intramolecular cyclization occurred to give 1-(2-methyl-4-phenyl-4*H*-chromen-3-yl)ethanone **5** quantitatively. Similar reactions using *o*-hydroxy benzylic alcohols and 1,3-dicarbonyl compounds gave the corresponding chromenes in moderate to good yields.



Some text